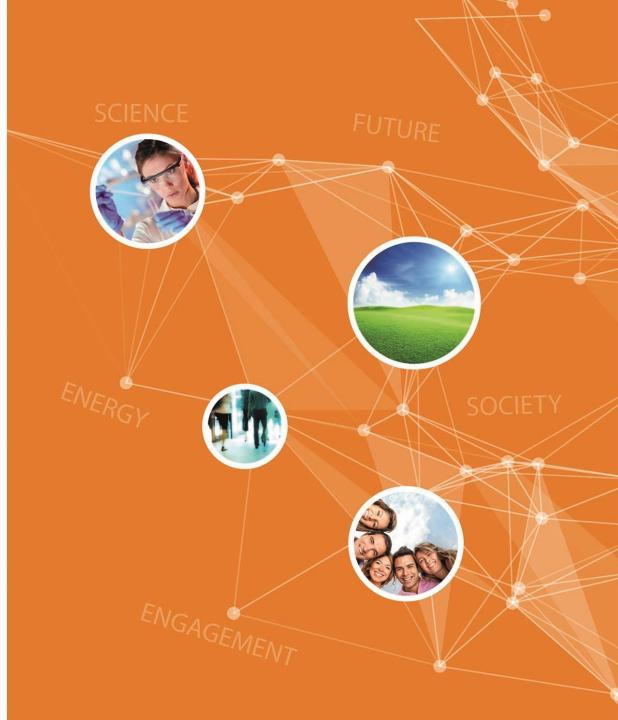
HoNESt – History of Nuclear Energy and Society

Horizon 2020 Research and Innovation Project Euratom Fission Work Programme 2014/15 Jan-Henrik Meyer NTNU / University of Copenhagen







## **Overview**

- 1. The puzzle
- 2. Project aims
- 3. Core concepts
- 4. Methodology
- 5. Project structure

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### Fukushima 2011







Call Horizon 2020 / Euratom NFRP 12-2014: Objectives





This project has received funding from the Euratom research and training programme 2014-2018 under grant agreement No 662268. Understanding the development of nuclear energy in Europe and beyond

- Context in which decisions were made
- 2. Factors influencing success or failure in engaging with civil society
- 3. Helping to **improve** communication and interaction with civil society



Setup: Three phases





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#### 1. History:

- "Core facts and figures" based on documents and interviews:
  - "well-organized and documented database and historical record"

#### 2. Social Science Analysis

- "understanding of the mechanisms for effective interaction with civil society regarding nuclear applications"
  - "factors underlying perception, participation, engagement"

#### 3. **Dissemination and Engagement:**

- Discussing results with stakeholders
  - "Industry, associations, policy-makers and civil society"



### The Puzzle

- Nuclear energy continues to
  polarize civil society across Europe
  - Emotional, immediate reactions
  - Entrenched lines of conflict
    - Mutual miscomprehension
  - Black and white issue
    - No level of safety measures suffices to alleviate fears
- Wide variance between European countries in perceptions
  - France / UK vs.









### Why this variance in perceptions?

### Hypothesis

### - Engagement mattered:

- Policy makers, industry, associations' engagement with civil society
- 2. Civil society's engagement with nuclear energy



 Systematic large-scale analysis of historical record







Explaining nuclearsocietal relations

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#### 1. Perceptions

- explaining varying perceptions and their policy relevance
- 2. Civil society's engagement with nuclear energy
  - Between tacit support to active opposition
- 3. Policy makers' and industry's engagement with civil society
  - "mechanisms" and instruments for engaging with civil society
  - → policy recommendations



### History: Contexts matter

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#### Historical context

- time and social change, value change
- Technological context
  - Reactor technologies, technological risks and problems

#### Political context

- Political structures, actors and political culture
- Economic context
  - Economic structures, actors and ideas / perceptions
- Societal context
  - Social movements, societal structures and inequalities
- Cultural context
  - Structures and ideas e.g. religion



### Two analytical objectives

### 1. A new history of nuclearsocietal relations

- Comparative survey (20+ countries)
- In-depth analysis
  - Specific relevant cases
    - Including transnational perspectives
      - » International Organizations
      - » Societal Actors



 First comprehensive, interdisciplinary narrative







### Two analytical objectives

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# 2. An integrated interdisciplinary framework of analysis

- Practically useful analytical framework to single out key factors for interaction nuclear industry – civil society
  - Interdisciplinary
  - Including multiplicity of actors' perspectives
    - Relevant for engagement
  - Analytical framework
    - Large technological systems / Integrated Sociotechnical Systems
- First long-term historical and interdisciplinary analysis of nuclearsocietal relations



### Concepts

### **Socio-technical systems**

#### Technology is embedded in a complex manner

- With regard to
  - what it produces
  - what it requires
  - what advances / limits its further development

#### Research angles

- Systems' own dynamics and rules
- Change over time
- Geographical scope (transnational)
- Linkages beyond the system
  - Users, customers, etc  $\rightarrow$  civil society







# Civil Society

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#### Normative political theory:

- Sphere of free association beyond state and market:
  - Citizens engage to advance societal discourse
    - Better quality of decision making
    - Legitimacy

#### Broader understanding

- All societal groups and organizations interacting and engaging with each other and in politics
- E.g. social movement research
  - Organization, aims, effectiveness
  - Framing research  $\rightarrow$  perceptions



### Engagement





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- Perceptions and participatory procedures
  - normative social science tradition
  - Against myth of technocracy:
    - Participation vs. Decision quality

#### Public acceptance

- Fairness and equal access to information
- Rationales
- 1. Technocratic decisions are not value-free
- 2. Legal / normative rules: Aarhus Convention on environmental information
- 3. Ignoring public concerns is ineffective and inefficient



# Methodology





- Comparative and transnational historical approach
  - Country case studies
    - Comparative country reports
  - International Organizations
  - Euratom, IAEA
  - Transnational societal actors
- Criteria of comparative analysis
  - Derived from
    - Large Technological Systems research
    - Social Movement Research, including e.g. framing
    - Risk perception research
    - Engagement and participation research



# Research questions

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### **Social Science Analysis:**

- 1. Events
- 2. Actors
- 3. Discourses and behaviours
- 4. Public perceptions
- 5. Public engagement

### **Historical research:**

Questions derived from state of the art in history



Project structure: 6 work packages





- 1. Management and Coordination
- History of the civilian production and use of nuclear energy in Europe, 1945-2013: Constructing the Narrative
  - 1. Creation of Database and short country reports
  - 2. In-depth studies
- 3. Translating, linking and bridging
  - History and Social Science
- 4. Understanding perceptions and mechanisms for societal engagement
  - Social Science Analysis
- 5. Backcasting
- 6. Dissemination and Engagement



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KTH





